ther time a resident of Paris, a dealer in shawls and laces, upon whose enterprises fortune has not smiled, and who is now, as many of his class are, in want of an regarded, it seems, as far more important than those of Mr. Walsh. Mr. Walsh was never engaged. Mr. Waish. Waish was never engaged in import-ing men from New York into Philadelphia to help his party carry an election."
POSTSCRIPT.

The guillotine is again in motion, since the adjournment of the Senate. It is now moved without their co-operation—by the President alone, or rather his Ca-The N. Intelligencer of yesterday morning contains the following additional removals and appoint

ments:
APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT.

Land Officers.

Thomas Scott, Register, Chillicothe, Ohio, vice Jas.

S. McGinnis, remored.
Ambrose Whitlock, Receiver, Crawfordsville, vice Ezekiel McConnell, removed.
OFFICERS OF THE CUSTOMS.

Collectors. John Hunter, Savannali, Georgia, vice Abm. B Fannio, removed.

Joseph C Noyes, Passamaquoddy, Maine, vice Sullivan S. Rawson, removed.

John M. Hale, Frenchman's Bay, Maine, vice Ed

ward S. Jarvis, removed. Charles J. Abbott, Penobscot, Maine, vice Rowland H. Bedgham, removed. William B. Smith, Machias, Maine, vice Wm. Brown

remored. George Thatcher, Belfast, Maine, vice Nathaniel M Lowney, removed. Edward Curtis, New York, vice John J. Morgan remored.

Surveyors. Shilowith S. Whipple, Eastport, Maine, vice Ezekiel

Foster, removed. Bazelleel Cushman, Portland, Maine, vice Stephen W. Eaton, removed.
Wm. Taggart, New York, vice Ely Moore, removed

Naral Officer. Thomas Lord, New York, vice William S. Coe, re

Thirteen removals in one batch. The guillotine is rapidly filling up our Black List. What victim comes

THE PRESS AND THE EXECUTIVE. We have received a letter from a respectable gen-tleman in Fredericksburg, of which the following is We are free

to say, that if there be a bearing entitle him to an office from this administration, Whigs to reconcile such appointments of Editors to cans. their own professions. They deprecated the appointment of Editors by Gen. Jackson—and so did we.—

ford, Esq., Editor of the 'Political Arena,' published at this place, returned last Sunday from Washington, where he had been since the 3rd of March, (as it said, Ilawes and R. M. Davis:

that? His morbid nerves may require some relaxation from his immense labors, while his brilliant services

you and to them,

With warm thanks both to
interested Politicians, who were determined to overtion from his immense labors, while his brilliant services

you and to them, deserve this reward.

THE LAST HOAX! The N. Intelligencer may raise a faint shout in favor of the Inaugural, but the enlightened Whigs are aslamed of it.—The Democrats blush for their country ome parts of the country, this crude, outre production was considered not genuine, but a mere hoax. The Chillicothe Advertiser says:

confused mass of disarranged elements, that the Whigs of Co-lumbus pronounced it a Houz."

The Columbus (O.) Journal, (Whig) "slept over it

24 hours before it ventured to give it to its readers— mover at satisfied that it must be a hoar. The Editor of the adopted: Cincinnati Advertiser, (Democrat) was in as much a

dilemma as the Whigs. It says:
"We yesterday received a document purporting to be the Ina24rd Address of the President of the U. States, but it being Address of the President of the U. States, but it being a repetition of the General's stump speeches throughout the y, and scarcely containing a new idea, we are inclined to event is a hoax, and therefore decline publishing it, assured of its authenticity. It is truly a curious promany of his crude ideas, there can be no doubt; but this migh

message of President Harrison arrived in that place in the Globe almost twenty-four hours earlier than in any vered in getting it out in an extra, but Mr. Cochran of conferred on him and announced himself a candidate the Gazette entirely declined, (after putting almost two columns of it in type,) declaring, as we understood, to dently a hoax. We are, also, credibly informed that quest that the same be inserted in their papers. some of the most active leaders of the Whig party called C. G. LAYTON, upon the editor of the Chronicle and advised him to desist, declaring their firm conviction that it was not

This is amusing enough!-but the following predic tion from the Indiana Democrat is equally germane to

the purpose:

"We expect in our next to give Mr. Webster's inaugural for General Harrison. If Mr. Webster writes the address, it will doubtless, be a well written paper. If Harrison writes it, we may expect to find some pedantic attempt at classic allusion. Greece or Rome or some other ancient governments, which are the size qua new of every school stripling, will be alluded to. After showing off his classic iote, he will descend to something demagogical to tickic and please, those whom the Federalists denominate the 'rag tag and bob-tail' or log cabin men."

On Thursday last in the House of Delegates, the bil tion of the bill, which fourth section provided for an road. Mr. Armstrong moved to lay the bill upon the ta- which was unanimously adopted : Mr. Coleman moved the indefinite postponement of the bill, which prevailed by a vote of 54 to 37.

McLeod's Trial Postponed .- A letter appears in the N. Y. Herald of Wednesday from its Correspondent in Lockport, March 10, who writes as follows: "The trial of M'Leod will not come on at our next Over and Terminer, which sits at this place on the 22d inst. M'L. has com

menced, or is about to commence, proceedings to procure a com-mission to examine foreign witnessess, and, among the rest, Captain Drew, who commanded the Caroline expedition, and who is now in England. I think a trial cannot be had before the latter part of next summer, or perhaps not until fall.

"I see it stated in the Eastern papers, that an order has been made to remy will, from our rail to some other. I should think par of next summer, or perhaps not until fall.

"I see it stated in the Eastern papers, that an order has been made to remove M'L from our juil to some other. I should think that no such order has been made. I have heard of none."

CAROLINE,

At a meeting of the Democratic citizens of Caroline county, held at the Bowling Green, on Monday, the Sth day of March, 1841, (that being Court day,) Wm.

There was a saled to the Chairman and the state of the county of the Democratic citizens of Caroline county, held at the Bowling Green, on Monday, the Sth day of March, 1841, (that being Court day,) Wm. There was a meeting in the City Hall of this City

continued till after 12 o'clock-and it dwindled down from 300 to 100—but very little was done. The bar was out in force, and there was debate enough—but no important decision. One gentleman (Conway Robin—meeting the name of Col. Archiveld Samuel, and nothe most manly terms-against the removal of Colonel ported now by the Democratic voters of Caroline, for Gooch, and all proscription for opinion's sake. Mr. Robertson is a Whig.

The Richmond Whig is pleased to disparage the admirable Address of the Democratic members of the Le-gislature to the People of Virginia. When any thing half as good appears in the columns of that paper, we will admit their right to play the Critic. Until then, we plead to their jurisdiction. What! is this Whig press so besotted to party, as first to commend the In augural, and then to condemn the Address. surely de not envy that man's taste, or that man's of the Counties of Amherst, Nelson, Albemarle, Flwanna, and Louisa.

For one, we say, we have not met with a single person, be he of whatever party he may, who does not admire the manly style, the luminous statements, the powerful appeals of this beautiful Address. The R. Whig seems particularly annoyed with that portion of the Address which condemns the proscription of the Postumaster of this City—and poorly deals out an inusual, that those who find fault with his remark and for the return of our late representation of the States of Amherst, Nelson, Albemarle, Flwanna, and Louisa.

Fellow-Citizens:—On the return of our late representation of our late representation of the States on the coasion alluded to, as a purposes—A bill to establish the town of Jackson, in purposes—A bill to establish the town of Jackson, in purposes—A bill to establish the town of Jackson, in purposes—A bill to establish the town of Jackson, in purposes—A bill to establish the town of Jackson, in purposes—A bill to establish the town of Jackson, in purposes—A bill to establish the town of Jackson, in purposes—A bill to establish the town of Jackson, in purposes—A bill to establish the town of Jackson, in purposes—A bill to establish the town of Jackson, in purposes—A bill to establish the town of Jackson, in purposes—A bill to establish the town of Jackson, in purposes—A bill to establish the town of Jackson, in purposes—A bill to establish the town of Jackson, in purposes—A bill to establish the town of Jackson, in purposes—A bill to establish the town of Jackson in purposes—A bill to establish the town of Jackson in purposes—A bill to establish the town of Jackson in purposes—A bill to establish the town of Jackson in purposes—A bill to establish the town of Jackson in purposes—A bill to establish the town of Jackson in purposes—A bill to establish the town of Jackson in purposes—A bill to establish the town of Jackson in purposes—A bill to establish the town of Jackson in purposes—A bill to establish the town of Jackson in purposes—A endo, that those who find fault with his removal may be bought up by offices from Washington. Does this illiberal Editor judge the Republican party by his own principles? Is every body venial, because some sup-

which he has been actuated. Those wno differ most with the Governor, are among the first to admire his spirit and his patriotism. Many sincerely regret his only say, that I should, under the same circumstances, course, some approve; none harshly condemn him.
A decided majority of the House of Delegates seems to regret his decision, and will probably pass some re-solution to that effect. But not a friend of the Inspection Bill veers one iota in his determination to carry out its provisions, and vindicate our Constitutional Rights.

An assertion has been made by several of the Whig Presses, that Ex-Vice President Johnson has given in his adhesion to the new Administration. The last Peters. burg Statesman has repeated the report. But the New York Evening Post contradicts it. It quotes a letter written by Col. Johnson on the 11th inst., which states explicitly as follows:
"I know rumor can make my friends believe that I have changed

There are some interesting articles on our Last Page upon the School System of Virginia, which we recommend to the attention of the reader. The whole subject is submitted to the Board of the Literary Fund to make a Report to the next Legislature.

Mr. Braxton's Address to the voters of the Carohave twice elected Mr. Hunter. The Democrats have line District, will certainly appear in our next. It is crowded out by a variety of shorter articles for to-day's last summer Mr. Hunter addressed a letter to his con-

TO THE EDITOR OF THE ENQUIRER. TAPPAHANNOCK, March 16, 1841.

I forward the enclosed letter from Mr. R. M. T. Hunter, with a request that it may be published in the

Enquirer. "Mr. Hunter and Mr. Braxton were at our Court pledged, as I understand him, to go through the can-

"The Nationals will scarcely carry for Corbin more Whig Editor in the Union, whose zeal, talents and than one half of the Whigs in this county, and Hunbearing entitle him to an office from this administration, it is the Editor of the Arena. But we leave it to the tion, together with a decided majority of the Republi-"After the nomination of Mr. H. by the meeting

yesterday, it was insisted on by the Republicans, that tian all their professions are to be forgotten—and the patronage of the Executive is to be conferred on members of Congress and Editors of newspapers. If this letter speaks correctly, it only shows that the appointments are to be held back until after the Spring Elections:

as the meeting nad united on principle alone, in the nomination of a candidate for Congress, it was equally proper that they should also unite on principle for a candidate for the county; and accordingly, Col. James Wright was selected, who has accepted the nomination.

Wright was selected, who has accepted the nomination.

Col. Wright is fully and heartily with us, and it is a candidate; to all of which, I understand, he replied the county is the control of the ment of Lattors 3, But no sooner is the power transferred to the Whigs, as the meeting had united on principle alone, in the tian all their professions are to be forgotten—and the nomination of a candidate for Congress, it was equally thought will be very troublesome to his opponent, Mr. positively that he would not under any circumstances suffer himself to be run. He then addressed letters to

GENTLEMEN, -I received your letter announcing the

is him; it is said that he has received an appointment worth about \$2000 per annum—Nayy Agency, or some thing of the kind; but that it is in prospective only, and an expective of the kind; but that it is in prospective only that he is an ex-Editor, that he was formerly connected with you in the 'Enquirer,' &c. Thus, one man is turned out of office because he is an Editor, and another appointed to office because he is an Editor. Expectally because he has advocated the cause of the parties. Man acceptance of the menting of these Convertible of the menting of the convertible of the menting of the worth of the menting of the two Convertibles. May be object in presenting myself to the district had been to endeavor to effect a union between those Repairs of the parties. The publicans of both parties what an acceptance of the mentings of the worth of the convertible of the menting of the convertible of the menting of the menting of the menting of the convertible of the menting of the convertible of the menting of the menting of the convertible of the menting of the menting of the convertible of the menting of the menting of the menting of the convertible of the menting of the convertible of the menting of the convertible of the menting of the menting of the menting of these convertible of the menting of the menting of the menting of the menting of these convertible of the menting of the convertible of the menting of these convertible of the menting of these convertible of the menting of these convertible of the

I am, most respectfully,

Your obedient servant. R. M. T. HUNTER.

ESSEX. Tappahannock, on Monday, 15th March, 1541, on mo- the Conventions. tion, Capt. Chas. G. Layton was called to the chair, and John S. Rowzee and George Wright were appoint-

ed Secretaries. Austin M. Tribble, Esq , submitted the following preamble and resolutions, which were sustained by the mover and Muscoe Garnett, Esq., and unanimously

Firmly convinced that the best interest of our District will be greatly promoted by retaining the public services of our late distinguished Representative, Ro-

bert M. T. Hunter, Esq., in Congress:

Therefore, Resolved, That we hail with pleasure the adoption of the resolution of our friends in Caroline, recommending to the counties composing this Congressional District the said R. M. T. Hunter, Esq., as a all be derived from his speeches, letters, &c., and concocted in an suitable person to represent us; and we pledge ouraddress of about two or three times the length of any fnaugural we have ever seen, and therefore, we think it best to defer the use all proper means for the accomplishment of that desirable object, and respectfully invite the co The Eric (P.) Observer states that the "Inaugural operation of the other counties composing the District. After the adoption of the foregoing, it was

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to wait on other paper—the National Intelligencer, arriving the same day and of the same date did not contain it. It tion of this meeting, and request him to declare himself was published in an Extra Observer about six hours a candidate; and the Chairman, in pursuance thereof, earlier than in either of the Whig papers of the place. appointed the following persons, to wit, Alexander T. This excited some surprise, and the leading Whigs read Baylor, John S. Rowzee, Muscoe Garnett and Larkin it over and over again, and at length pronounced it an Hundley; who, having discharged that duty, Mr. Hunentire hoax, got up in ridicule of "Old Tip." Our ter in a short time thereafter appeared before the meetneighbor, Mr. Perley of the Chronicle, however, perseling, and tendered his acknowledgments for the honor

On motion,
Resolved, That a copy of the foregoing be forwarded those who enquired of him the reason, that it was evi- to the Editors of the Whig and Enquirer, with the re-

JOHN S. ROUZEE, Secretaries. GEO. WRIGHT, 5

ESSEX COUNTY. M. T. Hunter to the next Congress of the United

cretary After sundry addresses, a committee of five was approposing a conversion of the State loan of \$150,000 M. Tribble, Esquire, Arthur F. Reynolds, Edward to the Winchester and Potomac Railroad Company Powers, and Thomas Harper, to nominate a candidate came up. Mr. Conn moved to strike out the fourth sec- upon said compromise-Whereupon, the Committee retired, and, in a short time, came in and reported that increase on the charge of transportation upon the said Col. Jas. Wright was the nomince of the meeting;

On motion, a Committee was appointed to wait on Col. Jas. Wright, to apprise him of said nomination, and soon returned and informed us that Col. Wright had accepted the call. On motion, it was ordered, that subject, that had convened us together, and was rethe proceedings of this meeting be forwarded for publication, in the Richmond Enquirer and Whig.

Whereupon, the meeting was adjourned. GEO. W. SHELTON, Secretary.

CAROLINE,

A. Moncure appointed Secretary.

The object of the meeting was briefly explained by

son) took the high ground-and expressed himself in minated him as the most suitable individual to be supa seat in the next Legislature. The nomination being dential canvass? Therefore, Sir, let me urge upon you seconded, was put by the Chairman, and unanimously adopted by the meeting.

On motion. Resolved, That the Chairman notify Col. Samuel of his nomination by this meeting, and request his acceptance of the same.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be sent to the Richmond Enquirer or publication. And then, on motion, the meeting adjourned.
WM. P. TAYLOR, Chm'n. WM. A. MONCURE, Sec'ry.

planation, notwithstanding my great repugnance to such notoriety. It is true, as stated by Mr. B., that his name was erased from the list of Delegates, at the Debts—and anti-Sub-Treasury. He advanced strong suggestion of Captain Hoskins and myself, not from anticipating that he would be the nominee of the Conties, except the anti-Sub-Treasury—He did not even the sub-Treasury—He did not e The Whig insinuates that this Address is the last groan—the last struggle of the Republican party. It would be presented for that purpose; and that, under never labored under a more ridiculous migrate. On Mr. Revulation of a part of the Constitution and laws of the U.S. ought to be surrendered not withstanding the refusal of the Governor of that State to act in a similar case."

The Whig insinuates that this Address is the last vention, but from the consideration that his name attempt a constitutional support of its orthodoxy; yet, strange to tell, he appeared to admire it as his chief and Grayson—R bill providing for the constitution and laws of the U.S. ought to be surrendered not withstanding the refusal of the Governor of that State to act in a similar case."

The Whig insinuates that this Address is the last vention, but from the consideration that his name attempt a constitutional support of its orthodoxy; yet, strange to tell, he appeared to admire it as his chief and Grayson—R bill providing for the constitution of a plank fence on a part of the Capital surrendered not withstanding the refusal of the Governor of that State to act in a similar case."

The Whig insinuates that this Address is the last vention, but from the consideration that his name attempt a constitution of a plank fence on a part of the Capital surrendered not withstanding the refusal of the Governor of the Capital surrendered not withstanding the refusal of the Governor of the Capital surrendered not withstanding the refusal of the Governor of the Capital surrendered not withstanding the refusal of the Governor of the Capital surrendered not withstanding the refusal of the Governor of the Capital surrendered not withstanding the refusal of the Governor of the Capital surrendered not with the constitution of the Capital surrendered not withstanding the refusal of the Governor of the Capital surrendered not with the capital surrendered not without the capital surrendered not without the capital surrendered not without the capital surren never labored under a more ridiculous mistake; or, ra- such circumstances, he would not desire to be present. ornament. lican party are bold, buoyant, determined to adhere to their standard; and, what is more, they have the I had never, up to the assembling of the Conven-

the objections which every disinterested politician must them alone, I would have voted, in Convention, for make to the recent course of the Whig party, we have never yet seen.

them alone, I would have voted, in Convention, for him; but after consulting with, and learning the opinions of others, I determined to vote for Mr. Hunter, There is some diversity of opinion—much was said in the House of Delegates yesterday (both, morning and evening)—about the course of the Governor of Virginia in relation to Curry—There scems however, to but one opinion as to the high and manly motives by which has been actualed. Those was different and among the control of the course of the Convention, by the foreign interference alluded to; and am not, therefore, prepared to odd for Mr. Hunter, State Banks, which experienced two abortions in the same year. Five successions of Congress have election of a Democrat in principle, and the defeat of the Whig nomines, could be best secured. I am not aware that any impression was made upon any member of the Convention, by the foreign interference alluded to; and am not, therefore, prepared to odd for Mr. Hunter, State Banks, which experienced two abortions in the same year. Five successions of Congress have election of a Democrat in principle, and the defeat of the Whig nomines, could be best secured. I am not aware that any impression was made upon any member of the Convention, by the foreign interference alluded to; and am not, therefore, prepared to odd in the mode of making election returns, State Banks, which experienced two abortions in the same year. Five successions of Congress have election of a Democrat in principle, and the defeat of the was taken up, on motion of Mr. Courcurielle, with the amendance therefore same year. Five successions of Congress have election of a Democratin principle, and the defeat of the mode of making election returns, State Banks, which experienced two abortions in the same year. Five successions of Congress have was taken up, on motion of Mr. Courcurielle, and the defeat of the mode of making election returns, State Banks, which experienced two abortions in the same year. Five successions of Congress have was taken up, on motion of Mr. Courcurielle, and the defeat of the mode of making election of the mode of making election of the same year. Five successions of Congress have was act the same part over again. In conclusion, I will say, that as I know Mr. Braxton incapable of doing me any intentional injustice, he will regret, after this ex-planation of my course, and the reasons that prompted it, having had an agency in misrepresenting

Miller's, March 9, 1841.

FOR THE ENQUIRER. To the Democrats of the Caroline Congressional District.
Our District now presents a new and surprising spectacle. Two candidates are before you, claiming your suffrages, one as a thorough Democrat, the other as part Democrat and part Whig. Our party seems to be much divided, and in all probability a Whig will be elected. What course should we now pursue? A just regard to principle, to duty, and to our party feelings and attachments, would require that something should be done which would unite us all, and obtain for this District a true and faithful representation. Should we, having a majority of nearly 200, suffer the Whigs by our mismanagement to slip in their candidate? God forbid that such should be the case! Whose duty is it

then to withdraw?

The Whigs have for four years been supporting and stituents, in which he expressed his determination to withdraw from public life. This, I thought was unconditional, and was convinced of the propriety if not the necessity of such a course, by his own reasons as given to us in that letter. What were his reasons 1st. It would be unjust to the two parties, because he would be an obstacle in the way of a fair race between "Mr. Hunter and Mr. Braxton were at our Court yesterday, and both addressed the people at length.—
Mr. H., during his address, declined the contest, as he did at Caroline; but during the evening, he accepted a nomination tendered him by a meeting composed of both parties, so that he is again fairly in the field, and they would prefer having a candidate in the field, who would not only represent them in principle, but in their party sympathies and attachments. 2d. It would be unjust to himself, because it would give rise to the suspicion that he was trimming between the two as his conscience acquitted him of such a motive, he must so regulate his conduct, as not to give countenance to the suspicion. He must, therefore, resign all claims to public life. I thought this highly honorable and praiseworthy in Mr. H., inasmuch as he did not see with the same eyes as the people of his district; for they readily saw a vast difference between the princi-ples of Mr. Van Buren and Gen. Harrison, but he could not for his life indulge a shadow of difference for either

affairs of the day, so far as to apprise you of the fact, in December last, and has been walking over the course ever all Whig gentlemen, desiring them to run, pledgent of you do not already know it.) that Wm. M. Black-ever since." ing to them at the same time his hearty support. One to Col. Alexander Fleet of King & Queen, also to Col. Alexander Fleet of King & Queen, also to Col. Wright and C. G. Griswold, Esq., of Essex, and to Wright and C. G. Griswold, Esq., of Essex, and to On motions severally made, Ordered, That leave of On motion of Mr. Taylor, of King George,

other Whig gentlemen of Caroline.

But, unexpectedly to all parties, Mr. Hunter declares for an effice! And this is not all, nor the best of it, high honor which the Convention at Croxton's Springs himself a candidate on the 6th February, only a week himself a candidate on the 6th February and the februa

having thrust himself upon the people only a few days when they read it. But the best of the joke is, that in tion of party, held at Thomas Matthews' Tavern in before every thing would have been quietly settled by sented a report upon resolutions of enquiry concerning and passed the bill. sirous of repose after the late severe contest, he can and now grant it to them, by immediately withdrawing from the canvass. He was induced to become a can didate because he thought both parties might unite and to himself, he ought, in my humble judgment, to withdraw from the field.

friends; and those who are now the most active in his support, will, so soon as their object shall have been a ryder thereto, authorizing the taking of the votes of accomplished, scorn his want of firmness; his party ser. the people upon the subject. A motion was made, by vility, his course of duplicity and double-dealing. He Mr. Fulton, that the further consideration of said bill tion of applying the Glebe fund to diminishing the poor lilled, he should most cheerfully give him his vote. has lost the confidence of his old friends, without gain. and ryder be indefinitely postponed.

ing that of his new ones.
If Mr. H. should now withdraw, he would convince every man in the district that he was sincere and honest in his course; and, so soon as he could take sides upon a new division of parties, he would be called from his retirement, and would again receive the honor 1834, which dispenses with the Brigade Inspectors at which he would so justly merit. But, should he be obstinate in this, if he falls now, "he falls like Lucifer, never to rise again!"

Sin: The circumstances under which you have pre-

A Friend to Truth and Justice. TO CARTER M. BRANTON.

n the bosom of every member of the Democratic Republican party in the District, who is not a blind adhe ton Convention, to set forth your claims upon the District; and after an elaborate discussion upon your merits, and the most mature deliberation for the purpose of share of public confidence and the greatest ability to width of certain portions of the Staunton and Parkers-Essex, friendly to the re-election of the Honorable R. serve the people," the Convention, "assembled neither burg Road-A bill to authorize two separate elections in to intrigue or make bargains," by a very decided vote the county of Surry.

The county of Surry.

Mr. Robertson moved that the Protest of himself and the county of Surry. promising grounds, as it regards a county candidate:

es of a majority of the counties composing the District,

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es of a majority of the counties composing the District,

es expressed through the voices of the Delegates to the

Convention. Where, Sir, is your boasted Democracy, Convention. Where, Sir, is your boasted Democracy, that you will not abide by the will of the majority, or is that "honorable ambition, to serve farty pointed, composed of Larkin Hundley, Esq., Austin freemen in the councils of the nation, so strong that Journal without a division. [We shall publish it hereyou could not resist the call made upon you by some after.] eight or ten seceding members of a large Convention. Truly your thirst for public life must be great indeed. But you seem, Sir, to attribute Mr. Hunter's nomination by the Convention to what you are pleased to call foreign dictation; and you empty all the phials of your wrath upon the devoted heads of the venerable Editor of the Enquirer, and the other gentlemen who were kind enough to give us their advice upon the important ceived in the same friendly spirit that no doubt prompt ed the act, by a large majority of the delegates. I can assure you, Sir, you lost the nomination of so much value in your eyes, by no such cause as you suppose; and if those who dictated Mr. Hunter's nomination, are so culpable, surely those who permitted the dictation are no less so in your eye. No, Sir, the act was performed by the people of the district in Convention assembled, and upon them, let the responsibility rest; and, "lay not the flat- and the tering unction to your soul," that but for the Richmond agreed to. letter, you would have received the nomination. For I

> would have been the nominee.
>
> And, Sir, how can you reconcile it to yourself to become the strength it so gloriously acquired in the last Presi-A Member of the Croxton Convention.

FOR THE ENQUIRER. To the Voters of the Congressional District composed of the Counties of Amherst, Nelson, Albemarle. Fluvanna, and Louisn.

No measure of any Administration has ever received a greater, or a more continued share of abuse, than this plain, constitutional recommendation of President Van Buren ; and no person has opposed it with more violence than Major Garland-It has been the burthen of

his song for nearly four years.

The Major complained, to the People of Louisa, that he had been severely whipped-first, by his enemies, and, then, by his friends; and that his friends had whipped him much harder than his foes. As to the chastisement which the Major has received, he, perhave changed in their politics, and that he has not-Let truth decide, when the facts of the case are fairly

In the Spring of 1835, Major Garland became a candidate for the scatin Congress which Gen. Gordon had lately filled: they were competitors. Maj. Garland received in the county of Louisa a majority of about 150 votes: not a Whig in the county voted for him. He declared to the people of the county that he did not wish a Whig to vote for him; that he could not represent them. At the election in 1837, Maj. Garland had no competitor. In the year 1839, Gen. Gordon was a candidate.

He and Maj. Garland equally divided the county. Maj. Garland received the Whig vote, and that of a few of the other party, who had not cleared the dust out of their eyes which the Major had kicked up about the Sub-Treasury. The people of Louisa are getting their eyes. As to the constitutional question raised by the gentle-Treasury. The people of Louisa are getting their eyes open; they see that the greater part of Major Garland's professed political opinions, are the very antipodes of the present dominant party; that he, the Major, has used every means in his power to put them in office .-The Sub-Treasury law is at this time the gate which makes safe the citadel of American liberty. Will he aid in opening it, to admit the British Horse?" was safe against the attack of open enemies; by treach ery and folly a breach was made in the wall, wide enough for the Grecian Horse to enter; the city was sacked, being enveloped in flames and drenched in blood. "Timeo Danaos et dona ferentes." Not bein a good Latin scholar, I will give you a free translatio I fear Major Garland, with all his professions of Democracy.

\* The Bank of the U. S.

## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF VIRGINIA. HOUSE OF DELEGATES,

Tuesday, March 16, 1841. The Senate announced that they had agreed to the

mendments proposed by the House of Delegates to their amendments to the bill entitled "An act concerning the Banks of this Commonwealth."
They receded from their third amendment to the bill

entitled "An act imposing taxes for the support of goconvenience. Most respectfully, vernment;" to which the House of Delegates insisted on their disagreement. Mr. Choppen, from the Committee appointed to ex

On motions severally made, Ordered, That leave of absence from the service of this House be granted to

look principle and duty; to stifle every feeling of gratitude; to destroy the influence of every high-minded the revision of the penal laws, and to compensate the of bridges, which latter plan the House sanctioned.

If he believes the people are so de- the sale or lease of public Warehouses in the State A bill authorizing the sale of the Public Warehouse,

An engrossed bill to authorize a separate election, at lever, to the Pennsylvania line.

Tiver, to the Pennsylvania line.

The bill concerning the Glebe fund of Shelburne Pa-Mr. Hunter has lost many of his old and long-tried on motion of Mr. Taylon, of Halifax, read a third

The House agreed, indefinitely to postpone said

bill-Ayes 51, noes 49.
Mr. RAMEY moved to amend the "Act for the better organization of the Militia, and for other purposes," so as to repeal the 64th section of the Act of March 8th, the training of the officers of the Militia.

A bill authorizing the construction of a Road, through the county motion of Mr. RAMEY, and indefinitely postponed, on of the friends of the bill was not in his place, the bill created the vacancy now about to be filled-and he motion of Mr. Armstrong.

The following engrossed bills were read a third time

sented yourself as a candidate to represent the King & -A bill to incorporate the Hampshire and Hardy Coal Queen District in the next Congress, cannot but excite and Iron Company-A bill to fix the upper boundary of the uncient lower parish of Nansemend County-A bill to authorize the Board of Public Works to appoint rent of party, commingled emotions of regret and mor-tification. You, Sir, did not lack friends in the Crox-inortgage, or deed of trust, by direction of said board agents to putchase property in a standard of trust, by direction of said board A bill to prevent the destruction of wild fowl by non residents-A bill authorizing additional compensation for the tuition of poor children-A bill concerning Geo of finding out the individual who enjoyed the largest Geiger and others-A bill authorizing a reduction of

the House.

The Protest being read, there was at first a slight op position to spreading it on the Journal; but it was soon withdrawn, and the document ordered to a place on the utterly

Wednesday, March 17.

The Senate announced that they had passed the bill entitled An act incorporating the town of Tappahannock, in Essex county, and appointing trustees for the same, and for other purposes—An act changing the A bill concerning sales under executive. time of holding the fall terms of the Circuit Su Courts of Law and Chancery for the counties of Caro-Richmond-An act concerning divorces, with an terly unnecessary and superfluous if not inexpedient amendment. And that they had agreed to the resolution for trans-

mitting to the Governors of the several States of this Union certain correspondence, reports and acts of As-sembly, relative to the controversy between this State State of New York .- The said amendment was The following bills were read a third time and passed

on Thursday night, to express the sentiment of the majority on the change in the Post Office. The meeting was briefly explained by feel justified in the assertion, that if Mr. Hunter's name A bill to amend the act for the better organization of the majority on the change in the Post Office. The meeting the Chairman, which was the selection of some suitable of the meeting the Chairman, which was the selection of some suitable of the meeting the Chairman, which was the selection of some suitable of the meeting the chairman, which was the selection of some suitable of the meeting that not been presented to the Convention, at all, Mr. feel justified in the assertion, that if Mr. Hunter's name A bill to amend the act for the better organization of ble person as a candidate to represent the county in the Francis W. Scott of Caroline, rather than yourself, the City Point Railroad Company-A bill incorporate ing the Trustees of the Shemariah Academy-And, Sir, how can you reconcile it to yourself to become the willing instrument of tearing in twain the Republican party in our district, and thereby deprive it of all corporating the Paine's Run Gap Turnieke Company orporating the Paine's Run Gap Turnpike Company A bill incorporating the Trustees of the Odd Fellow's Male and Female Institute-A bill concerning the Lathe necessity of your withdrawing from a contest fayette and Ingle's Ferry Turnpike Company-A bill the shades of private life until the people of your district in the county of Wythe-A bill to amend the act entiportion of the North Anna River a lawful fence-A bill tution and Laws: to amend the act entitled an act incorporating the Cape Capon Manufacturing Company—A bill appointing commissioners to run and mark a part of the line be-It is an historical fact, that at the called session in room in the Capitol, and for other purposes-A bill to on the table.

to those of Simeon Draper, one of the principals in the of the seed of Simeon Draper, one of the seed of Simeon better mode, it should have his most cordial support.—

No plan was suggested except Mr. Rives' twenty-five bill prescribing the mode of making election returns, State Banks, which experienced two abortions in the contribution of the comply with such demand and a copy of the demand. was taken up, on motion of Mr. Cotemas, and on mo-

The Senate announced that they had passed the bills entitled An act to fix the upper boundary of the ancient and a copy of the demand. lower parish of Nansemond county and An act con-cerning George Geiger and others.

cerning George Geiger and others.

They further announced that they had passed, with amendments, the bills entitled An act to authorize two separate elections in the county of Surry—and An act to incorporate the Hampshire and Hardy Coal and Iron Mining Company.

The amendment to the latter bill was agreed to. To the former, it appeared that the Senate had tacked to

haps, is the best judge; but many are of opinion, that he has not received half enough. He frequently throws it into the teeth of the People of Louisa, that they postponed indefinitely by the House yesterday, creating a precinct election at Keysville in the county of

Charlotte.

Mr. WARREN said he hoped the House would not indefinitely postpone this bill. He had voted for the establishment of the separate election at Keysville, in the county of Charlotte, and also for a bill e-tablishing

the Legislature to grant separate elections whenever the people asked for them—and under that view of the subject, he had voted for all. A large number of the most respectable citizens o

his county had petitioned for these separate elections— they had said that they would afford them great faciliman from Spottsvlvania, whether the Senate had the

power to add this amendment, it had not occurred to him, and he could not perceive the force of it even now. He was in favor of the separate election at Keys ville, and hoped the bill would not be indefinitely post poned on account of the Senate's amendment. hoped it would be the pleasure of the House to pass it The right of the Senate thus to originate bills, was stoutly denied by Messrs. CRUTCHFIELD, TUNSTALL, DORMAN and others; and after considerable debate, the bill, with the amendment, was indefinitely postponed-

Not being ayes 63, noes 38. The bill to provide more effectually for the opening

and repair of the public roads in the county of Loudoun, being on its engrossment, Mr. Armstross moved its indefinite postponement.

This motion was advocated by Messrs. Armstross and May, and opposed by Mr. Ramer, and on the question being put, the further consideration of the bill was

indefinitely postponed.

The SPEAKER handed in the following letter: RICHMOND, March 18th, 1841. Sir: It having become necessary for me to leave my seat in the House of Delegates, I hereby notify you of my resignation as a member of the Legislature. have adopted this course, to avoid all difficulty and

> Your obedient servant, JOHN M. GREGORY.

letter was laid upon the table.
On motion of Mr. Burrs, Resolved, That leave b given to Robert A. Banks to withdraw sundry original

The following bills were read a third time and passed:

a ryder thereto, authorizing the taking of the votes of ditional poll might be opened to take the sense of the intimately acquainted with Col. Gholson, and believing

Mr. May was opposed to referring so many questions to the people, and moved the indefinite postponement with manners the most bland and attractive, proceed Mr. RAMEY opposed the motion of indefinite post

ponement, and asked for the reading of a memorial of citizens of Loudoun on the subject. On a suggestion of Mr. ARMSTRONG, Mr. May with drew the motion of indefinite postponement-and then, of Loudoun, was taken up, on on Mr. Armstrong's motion, who remarked that one

A bill in relation to proceedings in cases of insolven and passed :- A bill to establish a board of Agriculture cy, was on motion of Mr. Armstrong, ordered to be

was laid on the table.

laid upon the table.
WINCHESTER AND POTOMAC RAILROAD COMPANY, A bill to increase the capital stock of the Winche ter and Potomac Railroad Company, and for other pur-

poses, was read a second time; thereupon
Mr. Dabsey moved to postpone the bill indefinitely He stated the Company was indebted to the Common-wealth in the sum of \$150,000 for that sum loaned to the Company. This debt is secured by a lien on the road engines and all the property of the Company; and may be regarded as perfectly safe. If this bill pass, it will be equivalent to giving up the debt-to throwing away that amount of money, which he could not suppose that the General Assembly were prepared to adjourned, the meeting should act upon the same com-still you insist upon being a candidate, despite the wish-promising grounds, as it regards a county candidate: cs of a majority of the counties composing the District. by subscribing for stock of the Company to its amount. Now, said Mr. D., the stock of the Company was unprofitable-worth little or nothing, and he had no doubt but that the road must go down, and with the view of seeing who was prepared to throw away the public money as this bill proposes, by subscribing \$150,000 for worthless stock, he called for the ayes and

After considerable discussion, the subject was indefi-

A bill concerning sales under executions.

Mr. Darney moved to lay the bill on the table, with the understanding that it would not again be taken up line and Spottsylvania, and town of Petersburg-An this session. Mr. D. explained that the bill would opeat to empower the Common Council of the City of rate with great severity and hardship on the poor, and Richmond to appoint Port Wardens for the port of contended that the other sections of the bill were ut-

legislation.
Messrs. May and Worthington expressed them selves in favor of the 2d section of the bil

The motion to lay on the table prevailed. A bill giving to mechanics and others, a lien work done by them, and materials furnished in creeting houses and other buildings, was on motion of Mr. LEY, postponed indefinitely.

On motion of Mr. Scorr, the House adjourned.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES-Yesterday. NEW YORK.

Yesterday, the following resolution was submitted to he House of Delegates, by Mr. May:
"Whereas it appears, that the Governor of New York hath demanded of the Governor of Virginia, a fugitive from justice, legally charged with crime in that State, and now confined in this; and that such demand hath been made in conformity with the Constitution that is courting defeat, and be contented to occupy to incorporate the Red Creek Manufacturing Company, and Laws of the United States; but that the Governor of this State considering that the Governor of New call you into power; for if elected, which is exceedingly doubtful, where will be the honour, when it is known that you foisted yourself upon the district contrary to the wishes of a majority of the Republican missioners to locate and open a road from Wheeling fugitive. And while the General Assembly hath full tied an act incorporating the Mercantile Library Association of Richmond—A bill concerning the North River Navigation Company—A bill appointing commissioners to locate and open a road from Wheeling to Clarksburg—A bill to incorporate the Stanhope Iron Manufacturing Company, in the county of Boletourt—A bill to amend the act entitled an act to provide for opening and keeping in repair the public roads in the county of Rockbridge—A bill to incorporate the Richmond and James River Mining Company, and for other purposes—A bill to establish the town of Jackson, in purposes—A bill to establish the town of Jackson, in purposes—A bill concerning the North River Navigation Company and from Wheeling to Clarksburg—A bill concerning the North River Navigation Company with the first opening and keeping in repair the public roads in the county of Rockbridge—A bill to incorporate the Richmond and James River Mining Company, and for other purposes—A bill to establish the town of Jackson, in purpose and the profession the destine detenting purposes—A bill to establish the town of Jackson, in the country of Botetourt—A bill concerning the town of Salem—A bill concerning the ferry of William S. Floyd—A bill concerning the ferry of William S. Floyd—A bill to incorporate the Lynchburg Marine and Fire Insurance Company—A bill constituting a other State, is one imperiously enjoined by the Constituting a other State, is one imperiously enjoined by the Constitution of those obligations, in palpable violation of those obligations, and correct deportment.

PHILO. Died, on Friday, the 19th inst., William James, infant son of charged with crime, when properly demanded by any other State, is one imperiously enjoined by the Constituting a late of the friends and acquaintances of the family, are requested to mark the first palpable violation of those obligations, and correct deportment.

Died, on Friday, the 19th inst., William James, infant son of charged with crime, when properly demanded by any other state, is one imperiously enjoined by the Constitution of the Executive of each State to surrender fugitives legally of the Executive of each State to surrender fugitives legally of the Executive of each State to surrender fugitives legally of the Executive of each State to surrender fugitives legally of the Executive of each State to surrender fugitives legally of the Executive of each State to surrender fugitives legally of the Executive of each State to surrender fugitives legally of the Executive of each State to surrender fugitives legally of the Executive of each State to surrender fugitives legally of the Executive of each State to surrender fugitives legally of the Executive of each State to surrender fugitives legally of the Executive of each State to surrender fugitives legally of the Executive of each State to surrender fugitives legally of the Executive of each State to surrender fugitives legally of the Executive of each State to surrender fugitives legally of the Executive of each State to surrender fugitives legally of the Executive of each State

"Resolved therefore by the General Assembly, That in its opinion, any fugitive legally charged with crime and demanded by the Governor of New York, according to the Constitution and laws of the U. S. ought to be

"Executive Department, March 19, 1-41. tion of Mr. CRUTCHFIELD, the further consideration thereof was indefinitely postponed.

[The House then went into the election of the two adopted this day by the House of Delegates, requestof the Convention, by the foreign interference alluded to; and am not, therefore, prepared to admit, that Mr. the President on the 4th of July, 1840.

Thursday March 18, 1841. specting a demand made by the Governor of N. York for the surrender of a fugitive from justice, and the and a copy of the demand.'

"I accordingly transmit a copy of the order of this Department of the 16th inst., and of the demand of the Governor of New York, from which it will be perceived that I have deemed it my duty to suspend a compliance with the demand of the Governor of New York, until the Governor of New York shall reconsi-

der his refusal to comply with a previous similar de-mand on behalf of this State.

"It is presumed, that the origin and progress of this controversy with the State of N. York are familiar to the House of Delegates; and it is therefore hoped that the documents new communicated will satisfactorily respond to their resolution. Should the House of Delegates or the General Assembly, however, deem it their duty to take any farther action in reference to the course of this Department, it may be consistent with their sense of justice to afford an opportunity of assigning more in detail the reasons and responsibilitwo in the county of Surry.

He had always understood that it was the custom of Vour obadiest servant.

Your obedient servant, THOMAS W. GILMER.

THOMAS W. GILMER.

To the Speaker of the II. of Delegates.

The accompanying documents are, 1st the following demand of the Governor of N. York.

"William H. Seward, Governor of the State of New York, to his Excellency the Governor of Virginia: "It appears by the annexed papers, duly authenticated ig to the laws of our State, that Robert F. Curry stands charged in this State with the crime of forge y-and it has been represented to me, that he has fled

from the justice of this State and has taken refuge within the State of Virginia— "Now, therefore, pursuant to the provisions of the Constitution and laws of the Unred States, in such cases made and provided, I do hereby require, that the said Robert F. Curry be apprehended and delivered to John D. Dix of Ithaca, who is hereby duly authorized to receive him, and convey him to the State of N. York,

"In testimony whereof, I have hereunto affixed my name, and the privy seal of the State, thus [L. 5] 25th day of February, in the year of our Lord

1541. WILLIAM II. SEWARD

Bu the Governor: SAMUEL BLATCHFORD,

Private Secretary.

The other document accompanying the Governor's Letter, was the Executive Order declining the surrender for the present-but published in our last

motion.

RICHMOND & FREDERICKSBURG RAILROAD.

The bill to contribute a loan of \$250,000 to complete the Railroad from Fredericksburg to Aquia Creek was, on Mr. Ridley's motion, indefinitely postponed, by a

The House took a recess till the evening. Evening Session.

A variety of business was done at the last Evening's

Gilmer in relation to Curry, the fugitive from

ly. A long discussion took place.

Mr. Holladay's proposition was as follows: To substitute the following in place of the original resolution: "Resolved by the General Assembly, That in their opi nion the refusal of the Governor of New York to sur render fugitives from justice, legally charged with crime and demanded by the Governor of Virginia, ac-cording to the Constitution and laws of the U. States, though a palpable violation of that Constitution, and highly injurious to the rights and interests of Virgi nia,) does not suspend or release the constitutional ob

House adjourned on Mr. Bayly's motion.

and honorable motive; to sacrifice every thing upon the altar of Policy! I charge Mr. Hunter with having produced all the excitement, confusion and division which now so unfortunately exists in our district, by the length of the penal laws, and to compensate the or bridges, which altar of Policy! I charge Mr. Hunter with having produced all the excitement, confusion and division which now so unfortunately exists in our district, by the county of Cumberland, opposite to Cartersville.

In the Senate of Firginia, on the nomination of Col.

Mr. Invisa then endeavored to obtain the insertion of a clause rendering it obligatory on the Company to erect four bridges in the county of Buckingham, and one in for the penal laws, and to compensate the observation of the penal laws, and the security of the security of the penal the county of Cumberland, opposite to Cartersville. With a view of bearing his willing testimony to the high character and qualifications of Col. Gholson. He said side within this Judicial Circuit, nevertheless he trust--A bill empowering the Common Council to provide of he should be justified by the Senate, for participator the weighing of live stock brought to the City of ting in the discussion, from the fact that until within Richmond-A bill providing for the purchase of furni- a few weeks since, Col. Gholson was a constituent of in the Town of Petersburg.

Richmond—A bill providing for the purchase of furniMr. Beard, from the Committee of Roads and Inture for the Government House—A bill to revive the his, and for several years had resided in Mecklenburg. upon him; but in this he has been sadly mistaken, for he has only made the breach wider between them. If he discharge the duty which he owes to the people, Turnpike Company.

Turnpike Company. of his own knowledge, of course he knew but hitle of him—but he had no doubt that he was a gentleman of rish, in Loudoun county, being on its engrossment— high character and talents, and entitled to every thing Mr. Ramey moved to amend the bill, so that an adhigh character and talents, and entitled to every thing

him to be well qualified for the office now about to be He stated to the Senate, that if a mind of a high order, highly cultivated, and well stored with legal learning. ing from a heart overflowing with kindness and bene volence to the whole human family, entitle a man to honor and distinction, then, indeed, ought Col. Ghol-son to receive the appointment; and he could assure the Senate, that from his intimate acquaintance with Colonel Gholson, he would be a worthy successor of the distinguished gentleman whose resignation had trusted that it would be the pleasure of the Legislature

to confer the appointment on Col. Gholson Remarks of Mr. VAUGHAN of Dinwiddie, on the election of a Judge to fill the racancy occasioned by the

resignation of Judge John V. Mason. MR. SPEAKER: I rise to present to the House, the name of an individual, whom I consider pre-eminently qualified to discharge the duties of the office now about to be filled: I allude to Capt. Edward L. Pegram of the county of Dinwiddie. All the qualities and attainments necessary to constitue a good Judge, will, I believe, be found to be possessed in a high degree by my nominee. He possesses the legal knowledge and a dig-nity and amenity of manners, to make him an able and a popular Judge. Capt. Pegram is known to many members of this House, to none better, and, I imagine, more favorably than to the gentlemen from Petersburg and Richmond. Upon those gentlemen I call, to furnish their testimony in favor of Capt. Pegram. It has been said that Col. Gholson is the choice of the Dis-trict. I was at the last Dinwiddie Court, and I did not see a single individual who did not prefer Capt. Pegram over all others for this office. I trust it will be the pleasure of this Legislature to confer the appointment upon him. By so doing, I humbly conceive but do an act of justice to an individual, meet the wishes of the people of the district, and make an election, which must and will enure to the benefit of the Con

monwealth. At a Meeting of the Agricultural and Horticultural Society of Henrico County, on the 13th instant, Thomas S. Dicken, and Richard G. Haden, were elected Vice Presidents; and the following named gentlemen honorary and corresponding members. Mr James Barbour of Orange; James M. Garnett of Es sex; Edmund Ruffin of Petersburg; Thomas Jefferson Randolph of Albemarle; Hill Carter of Charles City; Chas. Jas. Faulkner of Berkley; Doct. Carter Braxton of King William; Genl. Jno. H. Cocke of Fluvanna; Archd. M. Harrison of Fluvanna; Rich'd. Sampson of Goochland; Wm. J. Barksdale of Ame lia; and Randolph Harrison of Goochland.

The Executive Committee is required to meet at the Capitol, in the City of Richmond, the last Saturday on March, at 10 o'lcock, to make the final arrangement for the Society's first exhibition and fair, on the second Wednesday in May next. Due notice will be given

of the subjects for premiums and their amounts.
It is recommended that the members of this Society procure for their own use the Farmers' Register and the Southern Planter.

JESSE H. TURNER, President

WM. H. RICHARDSON, Secretary pro tem.

Died, on Friday last, at Aylett's, (King William,) of bilions pieurisy, after a most painful illness of len days, which he bore with the greatest philosophy, Janes E. Russiss, Esq. In the death of this young man, prematurely cut of the last of the days.

FRANKLIN HOTEL, Lynchold, the closed for a lentime, for the purpose of effectually repairing the same, is renearly completed, that the sobscriber, who has taken a lettle same, has opened the house for the accommodation of vellers. Having been at great expense in furnishing the lightness with entirely new and fashion of effortune, for the confident in saying to interpret the same, has opened the house for the accommodation of the same of the confident in saying to interpret the same of the confident in saying to interpret the same of the confident in saying to interpret the same of the confident in saying to interpret the same of the confident in saying to interpret the same of the confident in saying to interpret the same of the FRANKLIN HOTEL, Lynchburg, Virginia.-This large

The papers were laid upon the table, on Mr. Bayly's

majority of 9.

Session. The most important question was, the Resolution of Mr. May concerning the course of Governor York. Various modifications of the Resolution were suggested-one by Mr. Holladay-another by Mr. Bay

ligation to make such surrender in case of a similar demand by the Governor of New York on the Governor of Virginia." No question, however, was finally taken on any of these propositions-when, after two ineffectual attempts to adjourn, to give time for further consideration, the

The Legislature will not be able to adjourn sine die Substance of the Remarks of RICHARD H. BAPTIST, in the Senate of Virginia, on the nomination of Co